



UNIVERSITAS ANDALAS

**ANALISIS PELAKSANAAN PROGRAM DETEKSI DINI KANKER SERVIKS
DENGAN METODE *INSPEKSI VISUAL ASAM ASETAT* (IVA)
DI PUSKESMAS KOTA PADANG TAHUN 2018
(Studi Kasus Puskesmas Lubuk Kilangan dan Puskesmas Anak Air)**

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**FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT
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Skripsi, Juli 2018

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xiii + 119 halaman, 24 tabel, 6 gambar, 15 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Tujuan Penelitian

Pencapaian pemeriksaan IVA di Kota Padang sebesar 10,12% dari target tahun 2017 (20%). Pencapaian bervariasi di Puskesmas Kota Padang, tertinggi di Puskesmas Lubuk Kilangan (85,23%) dan terendah di Puskesmas Anak Air (1,05%). Hal ini disebabkan kurangnya pengetahuan masyarakat mengenai pemeriksaan IVA. Penelitian bertujuan menganalisis pelaksanaan program deteksi dini kanker serviks dengan metode IVA di Puskesmas Kota Padang tahun 2018.

Metode

Desain penelitian adalah kualitatif. Informan berjumlah 19 orang dan teknik pemilihan informan secara *purposive sampling*. Pengumpulan data dengan *indept interview*, observasi, *FGD*, dan telaah dokumen. Pengelolaan data dengan mereduksi, penyajian, dan penarikan kesimpulan. Analisis data menggunakan pendekatan analisis isi.

Hasil

Hasil penelitian di dua puskesmas didapatkan kurang maksimalnya peran tenaga kesehatan, dana bersumber dari JKN, BOK dan DAK. Sarana prasarana di Puskesmas Lubuk Kilangan lengkap dan di Puskesmas Anak Air belum lengkap, SOP dibuat oleh puskesmas. Perencanaan disusun pemegang program di awal tahun, belum ada struktur organisasi tertulis, belum semua langkah sesuai SOP. Monev dilakukan oleh Dinas Kesehatan Kota Padang dan Kepala Puskesmas.

Kesimpulan

Program deteksi dini kanker serviks dengan metode IVA di Puskesmas Kota Padang sudah berjalan dengan baik, namun masih perlu perbaikan pada tenaga kesehatan, sarana prasarana dan pelaksanaan program IVA. Disarankan kepada Pemerintah Provinsi Sumbar untuk mengadakan pelatihan dan puskesmas melengkapi sarana prasarana agar program dapat berjalan dengan optimal.

Daftar Pustaka : 42 (1991-2017)

Kata Kunci : Deteksi dini kanker serviks, metode IVA, Puskesmas Lubuk Kilangan, Puskesmas Anak Air

**PUBLIC HEALTH FACULTY
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DESKA ALFIANI, No. BP. 1411212014

**IMPLEMENTATION ANALYSIS OF CERVICAL CANCER EARLY
DETECTION PROGRAM BY USING VISUAL INSPECTION METHOD OF
ACETIC ACID (IVA) AT PADANG PRIMARY HEALTH CARE IN 2018
(Case Study At Lubuk Kilangan And Anak Air Primary Health Care)**

xiii + 119 pages, 24 tables, 6 images, 15 attachments

ABSTRACT

Research Objectives

The achievement examination of IVA in Padang city is 10.12% of the target set in 2017(20%). This achievement varies greatly in Padang primary health care, the highest achievement in Lubuk Kilangan and lowest in Anak Air primary health care. This is due to the lack of public knowledge about examination of IVA. This purpose of the research for analyze the implementation of early cervical cancer detection program with IVA in Padang primary health care in 2018.

Method

This research used qualitative design. Informants amounted 19 people and the choosing of informants by using purposive sampling. Data collection is using depth interview, observation, FGD, and review the documents. Procecing data analyzed using reduction, presenting, and taking of conclusions. Data analysis use content analysis.

Results

The results of this research is not maximal by the health personnel, a fund sourced from JKN, BOK and DAK. Facilities in Lubuk Kilangan are complete and Anak Air are not complete, SOP is created by each primary health care. Planning is prepared by the holders of the program at the early year, there is has not formal organizational structure, all steps not appropriate with SOP. Monev is conducted by the department of health of Padang and the head of primary health care.

Conclusion

Cervical cancer early detection program with IVA in Padang city primary health care are well done, but it needs improvement in health personnel, facilities and the implementation of IVA program. It is recommended to the Government of West Sumatera Province to conduct training and the primary health care complement the lack of facilities afterward the implementation will run optimally.

Bibliography : 42 (1991-2017)

Keywords : Early detection of cervical cancer, IVA method, Lubuk Kilangan primary health care, Anak Air primary health care

